SYMPOSIUMS

The Resonance of Joseph Conrad in the 21st Century 2nd Joseph Conrad Symposium

28 - 29 september 2023

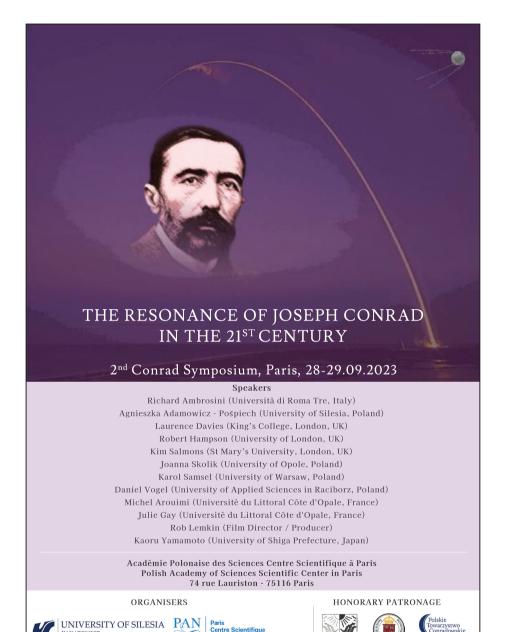
Polish Academy of Sciences Scientific Centre in Paris

Agnieszka Adamowicz-Pośpiech University of Silesia, Poland

Joseph Conrad-Korzeniowski was a writer shaped by various cultures - first of all Polish, French and English but also German and Russian. His life and fiction have been influencing cultures all over the world for almost a hundred years. The purpose of the 2nd Conrad Symposium at PAN Scientific Station in Paris was to investigate the resonance of the figure of Joseph Conrad in the 21st century. Many critics (for example Chinua Achebe, Terry Eagleton, Hillis Miller, Edward Said), philosophers and thinkers (for example Jacques Rancière, Philippe Lacoue-Labarthe), film producers (for example Francis Ford Coppola, Chantal Akerman, Rogerio Nunes, Gerald Conn), musicians (for example Tarik O'Regan, Philip Glass, Tadeusz Baird, Krzesimir Dębski) and writers (for example Robert Silverberg, Caryl Phillips, John Maxwell Coetzee, Mario Vargas Llosa, Ewa Kuryluk, Jacek Dukaj, Patrick Deville) responded to his works. Thus one of the symposium objectives is to disseminate the responses to Conrad's fiction on an international scale and, last but not least, propagate the understanding of his Polish heritage.

The symposium featured twelve speakers from all over the world: Prof. Laurence Davies (UK), Prof. Richard Ambrosini (Italy), Prof. Agnieszka Adamowicz-Pośpiech (Poland), Prof. Robert Hampson (UK), Prof. Kaoru Yamamoto (Japan), Prof. Michel Arouimi (France), Dr. Joanna Skolik (Poland), Dr. Karol Samsel (Poland), Dr. Daniel Vogel (Poland), Dr. Julie Gay (France) and director Rob Lemkin (UK). Presentations included the reception of Conrad in African, French and Canadian literature, transmedia adaptations of Conrad's works (comics,

graphic novel, film), and an analysis of the transcreation of Heart of Darkness in the perspective of stylometry. In lively discussions also held with online participants (Prof. Yael Levin from Israel, Dr. Ellen Burton-Harrington from the United States, Prof. Y.Okuda from Japan, Dr. Frank Förster from Germany, Dr. Nikolaos Panagopoulos from Greece and Prof. Anthony Fothergill and Dr. Hugh Epstein from the United Kingdom) issues of colonialism, anti-colonialism and decolonisation were raised. The conference culminated with Rob Lemkin's moving documentary film, African Apocalypse, from 2020. The film's main narrator is a British Oxford student and activist Femi Nylander with Nigerian roots, travelling from Oxford to Niger in the footsteps of the brutal coloniser Captain Paul Voulet, mirroring the fate of Kurtz from Heart of Darkness. The material is largely based on the account of a Nigerian community whose injustices inflicted by the coloniser still linger in its collective memory (post-memory). The film became the starting point for a debate on ethical issues, current processes of neo-colonialism and the role of Conrad's texts in explaining the dangers of the contemporary world.



Affiche

Académie Polonaise des Sciences

IN KATOWICE

№ PROGRAMME

DAY 1 28/09/2023

09:30-09:40	INTRODUCTION Welcoming Address by Magdalena Sajdak, Director of Polish Academy of Sciences Scientific Centre in Paris Opening of the Symposium Agnieszka Adamowicz-Pośpiech, Vice President of the Polish Joseph Conrad Society
	Conrad and Contemporary Literature Chair: Agnieszka Adamowicz-Pośpiech (University of Silesia, Poland)
09:40-09:50	Joanna Skolik (University of Opole, Poland) The resonance of Conrad in African Literature and Film
09:50-10:10	ROUNDTABLE
10:10-10:20	Daniel Vogel (University of Applied Science in Raciborz, Poland) Meeting the Other in Selected Works by Conrad and Lem
10:20-10:40	ROUNDTABLE
10:40-11:00	COFFEE BREAK
	Conrad, Literature and Bandes Dessinees Chair: Joanna Skolik (University of Opole, Poland)
11:00-11:10	Laurence Davies (King's College, London, UK) Descendants of "The Secret Sharer"
11:10-11:30	ROUNDTABLE
11:30-11:40	Agnieszka Adamowicz-Pośpiech (University of Silesia, Poland) Visual Transformations of Conrad's Prose in 21st Century

11:40-12:00	ROUNDTABLE
12:00-14:30	LUNCH BREAK
	Conrad and Film Chair: Daniel Vogel (University of Applied Science in Raciborz, Poland)
14:30-14:40	Michel Arouimi (Université du Littoral Côte d'Opale, France) Prom Conrad to Horror Films
14:40-15:00	DISCUSSION
15:00-15:15	COFFEE BREAK
15:15–15:25	Julie Gay (Université du Littoral Côte d'Opale, France) Conrad Resonance in Chantal Akerman's La Folie Almayer: a 'camera' of echoes
15:25–15:45	DISCUSSION
15:25-15:45	DISCUSSION DAY 2 29/09/2023
15:25-15:45	
15:25–15:45 9:40–09:50	DAY 2 29/09/2023 Conrad: Biography and Translation Chair: Michel Arouimi (Université du Littoral Côte
	DAY 2 29/09/2023 Conrad: Biography and Translation Chair: Michel Arouimi (Université du Littoral Côte d'Opale, France) Richard Ambrosini (Università di Roma Tre, Italy) After My Intellectual Biography of Joseph Conrad: Further
9:40-09:50	DAY 2 29/09/2023 Conrad: Biography and Translation Chair: Michel Arouimi (Université du Littoral Côte d'Opale, France) Richard Ambrosini (Università di Roma Tre, Italy) After My Intellectual Biography of Joseph Conrad: Further lines of research

10:40-10:50	Kaoru Yamamoto (University of Shiga Prefecture, Japan) Conrad's Echo in Anne Carson's Nay Rather: Translation and a "Third Place to Be"
10:50-11:00	ROUNDTABLE
11:00-11:30	COFFEE BREAK
	Conrad and the Visual Arts Chair: Julie Gay (Université du Littoral Côte d'Opale, France)
11:30-11:40	Robert Hampson (University of London, UK) Colonialism, Anti-colonialism and Decolonisation
11:40-12:00	ROUNDTABLE
12:00-14:30	LUNCH BREAK
	Conrad and Film II Chair: Robert Hampson (University of London, UK)
14:30–15:00	Rob Lemkin (Film Director / Producer) On African Apocalypse
15:00-15:10	COFFEE BREAK
15:10-17:00	Screening of African Apocalypse in Hausa (dir. Rob Lemkin)
	Discussion
	Closing of the symposium

Abstracts

1. CONRAD'S BIOGRAPHY

Richard Ambrosini

Università Roma Tre

After my intellectual biography of Joseph Conrad: Further lines of research

In my paper I will describe the perspective on Conrad which resulted from the two main lines of research that went into my book *Le storie di Conrad. Biografia intellettuale di un romanziere* (2019), and will suggests new developments.

I will start by describing the two-pronged approach to Conrad's texts I have adopted. While uncovering in his texts the presence of a master orchestrator of points of view and temporal shifts, a maneuverer of ironic narrators intent on demolishing every ideology encountered in their path, I have also outlined a poetics of the novel dispersed in a plurality of paratextual elements by assessing and linking together the ideas that structure those texts.

While reconstructing the story of Conrad's stories I realized how much his formal experiments revolved around the female figures in his fiction.

His novels started mostly as sketches, often titled after a male figure – *Tuan Jim: A Sketch, Nostromo, Verloc, Razumov* – or two, as in the case of *Two Vagabonds* (later, *An Outcast of the Islands*) – which then grew into plots revolving around the male protagonist's actions. But by the end, the story transcends these flawed men's individual destinies, and the reader is left with the sense of having read a tragic story, which has nothing to do with Verloc's or Jim's violent deaths, let alone Nostromo's, but, rather, with the figures who embody the human condition – or,

as he calls it, our common fate, which fastens upon the women with a peculiar cruelty (Lord Jim).

The first to recognize the resonance of their silent presence was George Gissing, when in a letter to Conrad wrote: Wonderful, I say, your mute, or all but mute, women. How in Satan's name do you make their souls speak through their silence? My answer to this question is: he made their souls speak through a number of increasingly complex narrative strategies. Through the only tools available, that is, for an author who was himself silenced by editors and publisher whenever he tried to write about women.

2. CONRAD AND VISUAL ARTS

Agnieszka Adamowicz-Pośpiech University of Silesia

Visual Transformations of Conrad's Prose in 21st Century

Many visual representations of Joseph Conrad's life and works worldwide are produced by multinational artists. Just to mention the 21st-century ones: there is Katherine Anyango (Kenyan-Swedish) and David Mairowitz's (American) Heart of Darkness. A Graphic Novel (2010), Jean-François Chanson (French-Moroccan) and Yannick Deubou Sikoue's (Cameroonian) Un avant poste du progress (2010), Peter Kuper's (American) Joseph Conrad's Heart of Darkness (2020), Tom Tirabosco (Italian-Swiss) and Christian Perrissin's (French) Kongo. Le ténébreux voyage de Jozef Teodor Konrad Korzeniowski (2013), Stephane Miquel and Loic Godart's (both French) Au Au Coeur des ténèbres. Librement adapté du roman de J.Conrad (2014), and Łukasz Godlewski and Maciej Jasiński's (both Polish) Niesamowite opowieści J. Conrada [The Amazing Tales of J. Conrad] (2015). In particular, artists adapt Heart of Darkness to various media: the novella appears in a theatrical form on the Bulgarian and British stages (a performance by Museum Theatre directed by Valeriya Valcheva in Sofia and the production by the imitating the dog theatre company in London), in the form of a sand animated film directed by Gerald Conn, or the anime-influenced Brazilian/French animated feature *Heart of Darkness* by Rogério Nunes. Additionally, there are video games (Spec Ops, Far Cry 2) based on its plot and the latest Instagram videos by Sascha Ciezata. We may say that Conrad became an icon of popular culture, one of fictional characters whom Umberto Eco dubbed fluctuating characters. In the paper, I wish to explore the French graphic adaptation of *Heart of Darkness* by Stephane Miquel and Loic Godart entitled Au Coeur des ténèbres. Librement adapté du roman de Joseph Conrad (2014) and to demonstrate how it resonates with contemporary French visual artists.

Laurence Davies

King's College London

Descendants of 'The Secret Sharer'

This paper investigates two works rooted in Conrad's short story. Despite their common ancestry in a captain new to his command who shelters a stowaway and risks the safety and stability of crew and vessel, their narratives differ quite drastically in genre, setting, time, and space. What they do have in common is that the stowaway is a woman.

The son of Polish emigrants, Piotr Fudakowski was born in London. He has written and directed several much admired films, among them *Secret Sharer* (released in 2014 and shown in Poland a year later). The setting is the South China Sea in the present day, with a notable emphasis on global commerce. The cast is multilingual: a combination of Polish, English, Korean, and Mandarin Chinese.

One of the American author Robert Silverberg's contributions to science fiction is the novel *Downward to the Earth* (1970), which has strong affinities with *Heart of Darkness*. His novella *The Secret Sharer* appeared first in 1987 and is currently in print in a volume of his *Collected Stories*. The setting is a colossal spaceship on a voyage to a remote sector of the galaxy. The stowaway is a teenage woman who, like the legitimate passengers, is present in the form of an electronic matrix. She has hidden herself on board to escape the drab life of her birth planet. Communication with the captain is possible, brain to brain, and she is able to see and feel the glory of the skies outside the ship, a sublimity opposite to the shabbiness of Fudakowski's seascapes.

3 CONRAD AND FILM

Julie Gay

Université du Littoral Côte d'Opale

Conrad's Resonance in Chantal Akerman's La Folie Almayer : a 'camera' of echoes

The concept of resonance, in its literal sense, implies the idea of prolonging the duration of a sound, as through its reflection on the walls of a hollow space. In the interest of sounding out the resonance of Joseph Conrad in the 21st century, this paper proposes to analyse Belgian filmmaker Chantal Akerman's camera, which in its etymological sense means room or chamber, as both a literal and metaphorical chamber of echoes for Conrad's text, allowing it to resonate all the way into the 21st century. We shall analyse how Akerman's 2011 film La Folie Almayer, which she herself describes as a loose adaptation of Conrad's early novel Almayer's Folly, offers a both visually and phonically striking (though perhaps slightly deforming) echo of Conrad's text, through the intermedial process of adaptation. It is indeed by wilfully taking some distance with the novel that she paradoxically manages to create a filmic aesthetics that is perhaps closest to Conrad's narrative poetics, as though the echo required space to best reverberate the original. Within the framework of adaptation theory, this paper will examine in particular the similarities in the two artists' aesthetic sensibilities, as shaped by their very personal experiences of exile or displacement, and by their relatively marginal position in relation to their host country's canon.

Michel Arouimi Université du Littoral

From Conrad to Horror Films

In *The Secret Agent*, Winnie, the murderer of her husband, embodies a nameless drama which reveals to my eyes the failure of today's contemporary world. A *revolt against the Father* (figure), especially by women, is a rebellion whose importance and self-destructive meaning have been revealed by dozens of horror films since the beginning of the 21st century. In one of these films (*Raze*), a character named Kurtz (!) suggests the influence of *Heart of Darkness* in the movie. Conrad seems to be a *seer* if we consider some of his novels, like the anticipation of social problems, reflected by these recent films (for example *The Aviary*, directed by Chris Cullari and Jennifer Raite (2022); *Clown*, directed by Josh C. Waller (2014).

Robert Hampson

FEA, FRSA, University of London

Colonialism, anti-colonialism and decolonisation

This paper will focus on Rob Lemkin's recent film, *African Apocalypse* and its use of 'Heart of Darkness'. It will consider how it uses *Heart of Darkness* as an initial prompt and as a way of structuring and commenting on its own quest. The film follows in the footsteps of the Voulet-Chanoine Mission through modern Niger to Captain Voulet's grave. It sets up Captain Voulet as a real-life equivalent of Kurtz and, in doing so, foregrounds the anti-colonial aspects of *Heart of Darkness*. In the journey towards Voulet's grave, the film visits the sites of many

of Voulet's massacres. It shows how the memory of the massacres is still alive by giving voice to the local peoples. The film has been translated into Hausa and has reached large Hausa-speaking audiences. The title *African Apocalypse* obviously makes reference to *Apocalypse Now*. The paper will conclude with a brief comparison of the two films and their handling of *Heart of Darkness* as an intertext. This comparison will be used to discuss Conrad's relation to the agenda of decolonisation.

Rob Lemkin

Oxford, UK, film director and producer

Conrad Transformed in Niger: the making of 'African Apocalypse'

I went to Niger in 2015 laden with Conrad and French colonial accounts from the Scramble for Africa only to find something very different among the communities that live along the route of the notorious 1899 French invasion. This brief talk will highlight this transformation. It will be an introduction to a showing of the Hausa version of the film, first released in 2022 to an audience of 8 million in West Africa. It includes the first-ever readings of *Heart of Darkness* in Hausa.

I will also touch on the Hausa poet Umaru who wrote at the same time as *Heart of Darkness* a poem called *Arriving at the Water Gorge of History by One who comes to it with Insight*. A fierce condemnation of colonial violence and intrusion. Interestingly, the scholar who has done most work on Umaru's texts is Polish at Warsaw University (now in his 90s). When they showed our film in Niger and Nigeria they put excerpts from Umaru's poems at the start and end of the broadcast. I will also play those poems.

4. CONRAD IN TRANSLATION

Kaoru Yamamoto University of Shiga Prefecture

Conrad's Echo in Anne Carson's Nay Rather: Translation and a 'Third Place to Be'

The aim of this paper is to find an echo of a self-translating author Joseph Conrad in contemporary Canadian poet and classicist Anne Carson's essay on translation Nay Rather (2013) and to show that untranslatable foreignness of Conrad's texts partly comes from a third place to be that he apparently takes in translating his own experiences. Conrad does appear in Carson's short story An evening with Joseph Conrad (2019) and her poem 1 x 30 (2020). In Nay Rather, on the other hand, the Polish-British author is absent, yet the essay strongly invokes him in its emphasis on the importance of silence in the practice of translation. Moreover, her remarks that translation is a practice that gives us a third place to be can be regarded as a description of Conrad's works which tend to be fraught with translation at every level. The unique position a third place to be allows Conrad to makes us see something we don't yet have eyes for, and hear something that was never sounded but still peculiarly resonates with our contemporary concerns.

Karol Samsel

University of Warsaw

Jacek Dukaj's translation of Heart of Darkness from the Stylometric Point of View

The purpose of my study is a comparative stylometric analysis of Jacek Dukaj's Heart of Darkness and Joseph Conrad's Heart of Darkness. The initial point for consideration in this case – resolving many fundamental questions - is Agnieszka Adamowicz-Pośpiech's chapter exploring this issue in her book Adaptations of Joseph Conrad's Biography and Works in Contemporary Culture. It is worth considering to what extent determinants that Dukaj declares (Adamowicz-Pośpiech recapitulates them in great detail) have been transferred into what influences the final shape of his rewriting of Conrad's story. I am particularly interested in what happens to the specific achievements of the Conrad's narrative technique in the process of contemporary transfusion of his text so that it can become accessible to the so-called post- readers, the recipients of the post-writing era, as the addressees of his works are defined by Jacek Dukaj. Discussing over the classical achievements of Conrad's workshop, I refer here first of all to the classic, erudite recognitions of Ian Watt in his significant volume Conrad in the Nineteenth Century: it was Watt who first exhaustively described such peculiar Conrad's techniques of writing as analepsis, chronological looping and delayed decoding.

5. CONRAD AND CONTEMPORARY LITERATURE

Joanna Skolik
University of Opole

The resonance of Conrad in African literature and film

In the desert, in prison or out at sea, Conrad can be a good companion says one of the protagonists of Arianna Dagnino's book *The Afrikaner*. In Conrad's works we, contemporary readers, can find the answers for many questions connected with modern African reality asked by the artists who observe the African protagonists from various perspectives (as belonging to Africa or being only visitors, guests; *one of them* or *others*, or even being *in between*).

Protagonists of *Tsootsie* (both: a book and a film) and *The Afrikaner* face Conradian, borderline situations, they must make decisions and then bear their consequences. They must find enough courage to face their own demons, to find the meaning of life despite what they have experienced. To find within themselves a sense of humanity in spite of everything.

Daniel Vogel

University of Applied Sciences in Raciborz

Meeting the Other in Selected Works by Conrad and Lem

Despite the fact that we can find numerous traces of Conrad in the fiction by Stanisław Lem, the famous Polish philosopher and science fiction writer makes very few direct references to the author of *Heart of Darkness* and his works. In fact, Lem elaborates on Conrad only once,

in an extended interview with Stanisław Bereś, in which he calls him an outstanding, world-class novelist, whom he owes a lot. He adds that his favourite works by Conrad are the less known ones, i.e. The Shadow Line, The Mirror of the Sea and The Nigger of the Narcissus. Indeed, reading Lem's Tales of Pirx the Pilot or Solaris, we can easily find motifs which are explicit in the aforementioned Conrad's masterpieces, such as loneliness and responsibility of a commander, crossing the shadow-line, or facing unpredicted weather conditions or circumstances beyond control.

Two years ago, during our first symposium at Polish Academy of Sciences in Paris I discussed the topic of migration in selected works by Joseph Conrad and Stanisław Lem. This paper to some extent develops the issue of migration, for the main idea I am going to concentrate on is the frequently problematic and multidimensional contact with the Other. Conrad presents it not only in his African tales, i.e. *An Outpost of Progress* and *Heart of Darkness*, but also in some of his short stories, including *Karain*. Stanisław Lem, in turn, makes numerous references to this motif in *Solaris* and *Fiasco*. The question, which somehow links both artists here, and which I am going to elaborate on, is in what circumstances contact with the Other turns out to be impossible, and what consequences may arise from such impossibility.